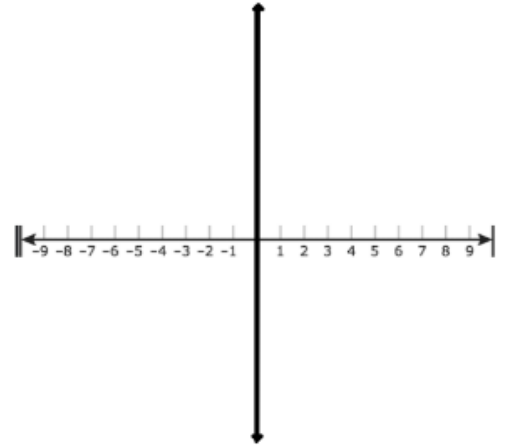


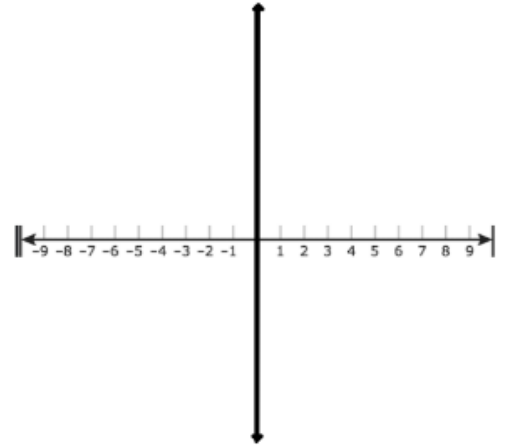
## Finding Zeros and Graphing Polynomials

Write the polynomial as a product of linear factors. A zero is provided. Find the y-intercept, end behaviors and sketch a graph.

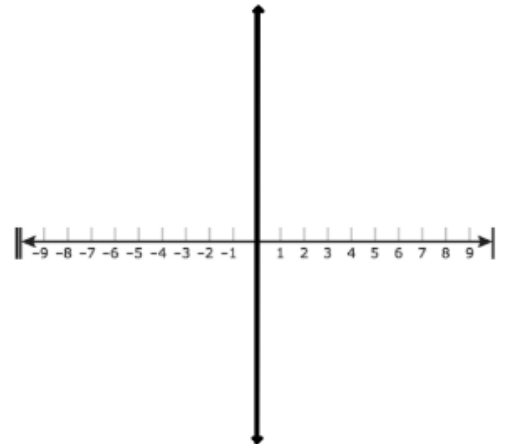
1.  $f(x) = -x^3 + 3x^2 + 10x - 24$ ;  $x = -3$



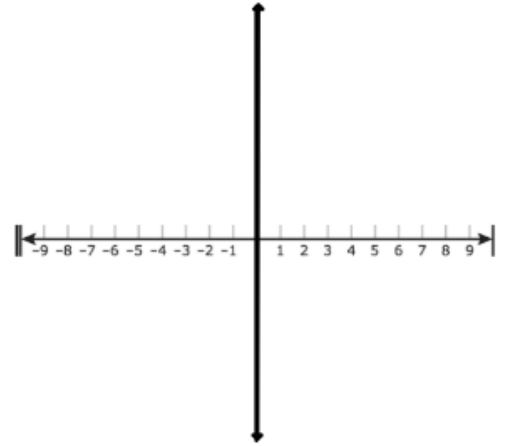
2.  $g(x) = x^4 + 2x^3 - 13x^2 - 14x + 24$ ;  $x = 1$  and  $3$



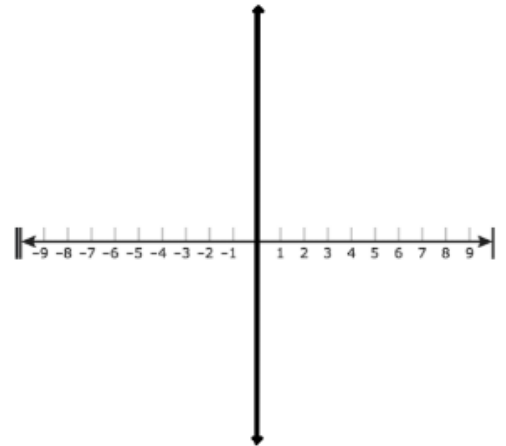
3.  $r(x) = 2x^4 - 17x^3 + 11x^2 + 165x - 225$ ;  
 $x = 5$  is a double root



4.  $h(x) = -x^4 - 13x^3 - 60x^2 - 112x - 64$ ;  
 $x = -4$  has a multiplicity of 3



5.  $p(x) = x^4 - 29x^2 + 100$ ;  $x^2 - 4$  is a solution



6.  $f(x) = x^5 - 10x^4 - 20x^3 + 360x^2 - 3456$ ;  
 $x = 6$  has a multiplicity of 3

